

QUALITY IS BECOMING THE MINIMUM STANDARD REQUIRED TO COMPETE.

WHAT MATTERS MOST PERSONALLY TO PEOPLE WHEN BUYING A PRODUCT OR A SERVICE ARE SMALL THINGS THAT IRRITATE OR DELIGHT THEM.

THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND CHILD WELFARE IS MAKING THAT EXTRA PERSONAL EFFORT TO EXCEED THE CLIENTS'/PATIENTS' EXPECTATIONS BY PACKAGING HEALTH SERVICES TO MEET THOSE EXPECTATIONS.

MANY THANKS GO TO THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND CHILD WELFARE TEAM THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THE PRODUCTION OF THIS PUBLICATION. NOT TO FORGET THE TECHNICAL AND MATERIAL SUPPORT FROM THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION COUNTRY OFFICES.

PRINCIPAL MEDICAL DIRECTOR

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

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Zimbabwe has embarked on the development of Core Health Services for the various levels of its health delivery system.

This document outlines in detail the core health services at the Rural Health Centre (RHC) and Community level and the District level with the details of support expected from the Provincial Management Team.

The core health package is the minimum defined combination of health services to be provided at a defined level of the health care delivery system.

The broad criteria applied to define the core package include:

- Relative cost-effectiveness of interventions.
- Size and distribution of the health problems affecting the population at greatest risk. (Demographic and epidemiological profile).
 - The resources available for health care.

The rationale for this course of action is to provide well defined essential services in a cost effective manner.

There is increasing evidence that single purpose interventions are mainly effective in reducing a particular cause of mortality, but not in reducing overall mortality.

By integrating health activities, providers can take the opportunity to link each contact with the client to provide less demanded, but needed services.

Furthermore, health care technology is such that not all procedures can be grouped into one package available in each small community. Other procedures require costly equipment which could be under utilized if located at the lower tiers of the health delivery system.

At community levels a lay person selected by the community can assist in the provision of services for "self care" or treatment of minor ailments within the community.

On the other hand at the Rural Health Centre level the services provided are those that normally would not require sophisticated equipment but need a critical mass of a catchment population to operate efficiently.

The referral health service package calls for a concentration of cases to maintain competence of the health staff and justify investments and related operating costs as would be found at a District Hospital.

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The whole concept provides a detailed costing framework for the health sector.

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2.0 THE OBJECTIVES IN DEVELOPING CORE SERVICES

This document formalises the services provided at the stated levels of care in Zimbabwe into "core services". This is a result of several reviews of workshop documents, reports and studies on the subject culminating in a consensus workshop held in June 1994. Specifically:

- 2.1 To develop a minimum of core services that must be offered at all times at the stated levels of care.
- 2.2 To define the minimum standard requirements for physical infrastructure, staffing, equipment and supplies for the PARTICULAR LEVEL.
- 2.3 To develop a core package that is both essential and affordable to the consumer and within available financial resources for the health sector.
- 2.4 To develop indicators that can be used to monitor the effectiveness of the core package in altering the health status of the population.
- 2.5 To explore and define areas of responsibility within the core package that could be shared with the community and other sectors.

3.0 ORGANISATION OF HEALTH SERVICE DELIVERY

The organisation of the Public Health Services in Zimbabwe is based on a 4 tier structure consisting of:-

- 3.1 The Primary level which provides the first level of contact between the community and the formal health system.
- 3.2 The Secondary level which is the first referral level supporting the Rural Health Centre and other primary care level facilities.
- 3.3 The Tertiary level consisting of Provincial Hospitals providing the first level of specialist referral medical support to the district hospital.
- 3.4 The Quartenary level consisting of 5 National referral hospitals which are also teaching hospitals.

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RURAL HEALTH CENTRE AND COMMUNITY CORE HEALTH SERVICES

4.1.0 PROMOTIVE AND PREVENTIVE SERVICES

4.1.1 Promotive Services

Organisation of information, education and communication strategies in partnership with patients, clients and the local community.

This includes dialogue during consultation and outreach visits to villages including campaigns to groups served by the rural health centre.

4.2.0 Preventive Services

4.2.1 Maternal and Child Health Services

To provide these services on a daily basis through the supermarket approach.

- a) Antenatal Care
- b) Post natal Care
- c) Family Planning advice and provision of contraceptives
 oral contraceptives, spermicides, condoms.
- d) Growth monitoring and nutrition surveillance
- e) Expanded Programme of Immunisation

- f) Supplementary Feeding Programme
- g) Promotion of Breast-feeding.

Procurement of vaccines and supplies on a monthly basis as well as monitoring and maintaining the cold chain.

Through a stock control system to maintain a 3 month supply of drugs at any one time.

Referral of all at risk pregnancies.

Compilation, analysis and interpretation of statistics on a monthly basis.

Supervision and training of Traditional Midwives and other community workers.

4.2.2 Disease Surveillance

To notify any cases of notifiable diseases occurring in the locality.

To monitor disease incidence graphically, plot spot maps and investigate local outbreaks of disease.

4.2.3 Environmental Health Services

- a) The siting and construction of Blair toilets.
- b) The construction, protection and up keep of small rural water supplies.

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of small rural

c) Food Safety:

- Inspection of food handling premises.
- Investigation of outbreaks of food poisoning
- d) Siting and supervision of waste disposal dumps.

4.2.4 Outreach Services

The services are provided by Rural Health Centre staff on their outreach points.

The services include:-

- Domiciliary visits for EPI, IEC campaigns, FP services.
- Supervision of Traditional midwives and Village Community Workers.

5.0 **CURATIVE SERVICES**

5.1 **DELIVERY SERVICES**

- a) Conduct normal deliveries with the use of the partogram.
- b) Early referral of at risk pregnancies and abnormal labour to the District Hospital.
- c) Micronutrient supplementation for pregnant women.

5.2 TREATMENT SERVICES

Performance of a physical examination and the establishment of presumptive diagnoses.

- 5.2.1 Management of childhood diseases:
 - Acute Respiratory Infections
 - Presumptive treatment of Malaria
 - Control and treatment of Diarrhoeal Diseases the demonstration of the preparation of Oral Rehydration Solution (SSS) and its administration.
- 5.2.2 Nutritional Rehabilitation.
- 5.2.3 Treatment of local infections.
- 5.2.4 Treatment of minor injuries.
- 5.2.5 Treatment of various pains and complaints.

To apply a charts/EDI

- 5.3 SEXUA RELATI
- 5.3.1 Establishm syndromic
- 5.3.2 Manageme protocols.
- 5.3.3 Treatment complicate
- 5.3.4 Provision of and their re
- 5.3.5 Advice on a patients an
- 5.3.6 Provision prevention
- 5.4 CHRON
- 5.4.1 To keep a catchment
- 5.4.2 Resupply r
- 5.4.3 Contact tra

To apply and follow the management/treatment protocol charts/EDLIZ.

5.3 SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS/HIV RELATED DISEASES

- 5.3.1 Establishment of presumptive diagnosis on the basis of the syndromic approach.
- 5.3.2 Management of patients according to the prescribed STD protocols.
- 5.3.3Treatment of HIV related infections and referral of complicated cases.
- 5.3.4 Provision of supportive counselling to HIV/AIDS patients and their relatives.
- 5.3.5 Advice on and the promotion of home-based care for AIDS patients and provision of symptomatic treatment.
- 5.3.6 Provision of condoms and health education on the prevention of HIV/STD.

5.4 CHRONIC DISEASES

- 5.4.1 To keep a register of all chronic disease patients in the catchment area.
- 5.4.2 Resupply medication for the chronically ill patients.
- 5.4.3 Contact tracing for TB and other communicable diseases

use of the partogram.

and abnormal labour

pregnant women.

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Diseases - the Gral Rehydration

5.5 MINOR PROCEDURES	6.0	REH
5.5.1 Suturing of minor lacerations and perform episiotomy unde local anaesthesia.		6.1
5.5.2 Appropriate assessment, incision and drainage of smal abscesses.		6.2
5.5.3 Extraction of teeth where an exodontist is available or referral to next level.		6.3
5.5.4 Performance of RPR tests, urinalysis and Haemoglobin estimation.		6.4
5.5.5 Where there is a specially trained nurse, insertion of IUDs.		tomolii A
eg 2014/Vist () prideentiep budeentie op 'n noon in 14 1.0		6.5



6.0 REHABILITATION SE	RVICES
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	6.0 RE	HABILITATION SERVICES
episiotomy under	6.1	Identification of at risk babies post delivery - before discharge or at first contact if delivered at home.
drainage of small	6.2	Application of the "at risk" sticker on the child growth card.
antist is available or	6.3	Education of mothers on the importance of the "at risk" sticker.
and Haemoglobin	6.4	Assessment of milestones using the developmental screening chart and referral to the nearest rehabilitation centre.
insertion of IUDs.	6.5	To keep a register of permanently disabled people in the catchment area.
S S S Advice or		

7.0 COMMUNITY BASED HEALTH CARE ACTIVITIES (Mainly incremental activities)

- 7.1 Village Community Worker/Farm Health Worker
- 7.1.1 Health Education and health promotion.
- 7.1.2 Community based growth monitoring.
- 7.1.3 Community mobilisation and involvement in health related projects.
- 7.1.4 Data collection of village/community based information on diseases.
- 7.1.5 Follow-up of chronically ill patients.
- 7.1.6 Supervision of Child Supplementary Feeding points.
- 7.1.7 Treatment of minor ailments / first aid.
- 7.1.8 Support to home based carers.
- 7.2 Community Based Distributor (CBD)
- 7.2.1 Initiation of contraceptive methods and supply of contraceptives within the community setting.
- 7.2.2 Provision of Health Education activities on FP/MCH and prevention of Sexually Transmitted infections.

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- 7.3.2 Identific Rural H
- 7.3.3 Health
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- 7.4 <u>Tradi</u>
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7.3 Traditional Midwife

- 7.3.1 (Emergency) Delivery of normal pregnancies.
- 7.3.2 Identification of at risk pregnant mothers and referral to the Rural Health Centre.
- 7.3.3 Health promotion of:-
 - Breast feeding
 - Family Planning
 - Immunization
 - STI/HIV prevention
 - Baby care and hygiene
 - Any other interventions as may be necessary.

7.4 Traditional Healer

- 7.4.1 Health promotion and traditional treatment of some ailments.
- 7.4.2 Referral of cases to the Rural Health Centre.

7.5 Nutrition co-ordinator

- 7.5.1 Assistance to the community to establish food and nutrition projects.
- 7.5.2The monitoring of community food and nutrition projects including data collection and compilation.

8.0 STRUCTURES FOR A RURAL HEALTH CENTRE

8.1 Physical Structures

Specifications for a standard RHC as per FHP I.

Must be accessible by all modes of transport throughout the year.

Land size ideally should be 10 000 sqm.

Supply of running water is essential.

Must ideally have electricity, solar or gas lighting for the labour ward, consulting room and the refrigerator.

3 x F14 (Rural) staff houses and 3 blair toilets

2 Blair toilets for the patients

1 autoway pit 1 Refuse pit Perimeter fence

8.2 <u>Communication System</u>

Radio communication with the receiving centre at the District Hospital. Ambulance to be connected to this radio for 24 hours, or telephone communication. A postal bag where possible.

8.3 <u>Management Services</u>

Health Centre Team (All staff working at that RHC).

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8.5.1 Nurses

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working at that RHC).

Health Centre Committee - Ward Councillor as Chairperson, with EHT/Nurse as Secretary. This is a subcommittee of the Ward Development Committee.

Meetings - Health Centre Team Meeting, at least once a month and as necessary.

- To attend District Health Team meeting (representation of RHC is mandatory).
- To attend Health Centre Committee meeting once every month.

8.4 Supervision

Directly supervised by the Community Health Nurse/DNO and the Principal Environmental Health Technician. These should use the supervisory check list and provide feedback on performance.

Support from the District Health Executive Team at least once a month.

Support from the ZNFPC and other relevant ministries as appropriate.

8.5 Staffing Requirements

8.5.1 Nurses:

Ideal is: 1 nurse for 28 patients contacts daily

A less busy clinic seeing 52 new patients daily requires 2 nurses minimum at least 1 with midwifery and MCH/FP training.

A very busy clinic seeing 120 new patients daily requires 4 nurses, 2 with Midwifery and MCH/FP training.

8.5.21 EHT per ward.

8.5.3 Nurse Aides: It is essential to have a Nurse Aide at the RHC to perform non technical activities - damp dusting, sluicing, observations, laundry.

8.5.4 General Hand: A general hand is essential at the health centre to keep the grounds clean and to perform various errands.

MONIT

Vaccination Incidence o

A.N.C.

P.N.C.

Deliveries

A.R.I.

S.T.I.s

T.B.

TMs

Toilets

Drug Supply

daily requires 2

daily requires 4

Aide at the damp dusting,

at the health perform various

MONITORING INDICATORS

<u>Vaccinations</u> Coverage of BCG, Polio 1, Polio 3 and Measles. Incidence of measles.

A.N.C. 1st visits as a proportion of total visits.

P.N.C. visits as a proportion of 1stANC attendances.

Deliveries Maternity referrals in labour. Deliveries as a proportion of 1st ANC attendances.

A.R.I. Mild ARI as a proportion of total ARI cases.

S.T.I. cases as a proportion of new O.P.D. attendances for patients above 15 years of age.

T.B. Defaulters

TMs Percentage of Traditional Midwives deliveries in relation to reported catchment deliveries.

Toilets Number of toilets completed.

Drug Supply Percentage Nil supplied or percentage supplied on a monthly basis.

10.0 RURAL HEALTH CENTRE COSTS

- 10.1 Buildings construction/renovation
- 10.2 Equipment imported/local
- 10.3 Training costs initial/in-service
- 10.4 Operation costs- personnel salaries
 - incentives: per diem/outreach
 - drugs and other supplies
 - energy, water, gas etc.
 - maintenance and repairs building/ equipment
 - transport

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11.0 DISTRICT CORE HEALTH SERVICES

- 11.1 The District Health Service is the secondary level and its main function is to provide:
- 11.1.0 The Secondary level of care and among its major functions and responsibilities are:
- 11.1.1 The management of all public and private sector health facilities and activities.
- 11.1.2 Provision of promotive and preventive health care.
- 11.1.3 Provision of secondary level curative care at the District Hospital.
- 11.1.4 Co-ordination and monitoring of the implementation of community based health programmes.

g/ equipment

12.0 PROMOTIVE AND PREVENTIVE SERVICES

12.1 Maternal and Child Health Services

Provision and organisation of integrated maternal and child health care services:

- a) Antenatal care
- b) Postnatal care
- c) Family Planning
- d) Growth Monitoring
- e) Immunization

These services are provided:-

- a) At the district hospital
- b) As outreach work by hospital team
- c) As mobile services.

Co-ordination, guidance, monitoring and supervision of MCH activities carried out by the Primary Care level.

Analyzing service data relating to MCH, interpreting and application of the data.

Investigation of outbreaks of immunizable and other diseases and taking remedial action.

Procurement and equipme

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supervision of MCH

interpreting and

other diseases

Procurement, storage, distribution and maintenance of supplies and equipment needed for MCH work.

Training Primary Health Care workers.

12.2 Nutrition

The co-ordination and organisation of:-

a) Community Based Nutrition Programmes

Improving household food security through training in food production, processing, storage and preparation.

Community Based Growth Monitoring activities.

Supplementary Feeding Programmes.

Therapeutic Feeding Programmes.

b) Infant and Young Child Nutrition

Improving infant feeding through promotion and protection of breastfeeding.

Encouraging hospitals and clinics to take up and adopt the WHO/UNICEF baby friendly hospital initiative.

c) Control of Micronutrient Disorders

Surveillance of micronutrient disorders in the district: lodine deficiency Vitamin A deficiency Iron deficiency

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Institution of appropriate control measures.

12.3 Environmental Health Programmes and Services

- a) Technical support to communities on:-
 - Construction, protection and up-keep of small rural water supplies (springs and shallow wells)
 - Siting and construction of Blair toilets.
- b) Water quality control:-
 - Sampling of drinking water supplies in the district on a regular basis (both bacteriological and chemical).
 - Advise responsible authority on remedial action.
- c) Food Safety:-
 - Inspection of food handling premises for :-
 - Food storage and preservation
 - Preparation and handling of food
 - Personal hygiene for food handlers
 - Cockroach, rodent and other vermin infestation inspection.
 - Ensuring all food handlers have current medical examinations.

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12.4 **Preve**

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- air toilets.
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- Investigation of outbreaks of food poisoning.
- Inspection of tinned food
- Food sampling
- d) Inspection of Premises
 - Interpretation of minimum requirements for various premises.
 - Routine and licensing inspections.
 - Inspections of schools, health institutions and other public places.
 - e) Waste Disposal
 - Siting of refuse dumps.
 - Supervision of waste disposal.
 - f) Meat Inspection
 - Inspection of meat at rural slaughter poles in the absence of veterinary officers.
 - Inspection of meat at butcheries.

12.4 Prevention and Control of Communicable Diseases

Plan for and control disease outbreaks

Surveillance of reportable and notifiable diseases.

12.4.1 Notifiable Diseases

Cholera

Plague

Yellow fever

Typhus

Typhoid

Viral haemorrhagic fever

Rabies

Anthrax

Diphtheria

Poliomyelitis

Hepatitis

Meningococcal meningitis

Tuberculosis

Leprosy

12.4.2 Reportable Diseases

HIV/AIDS

Diarrhoeal Diseases (Sentinel)

Dysentery (Sentinel)

Malaria

Measles

IVICASIES

Neonatal Tetanus

12.5 Health Information Management

- Implement the National Health Information System.
- Institute sentinel and other types of surveillance systems.

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notifiable diseases.

 Consolidate, analyse and use health information from the various healthunits within the district and ensure feedback to the reporting units.

12.6 Information Education and communication

As part of all preventive, promotive, curative and rehabilitative services and programmes.

Production of locally relevant and appropriate health education messages.

12.7 Oral Health Care Services

- Services for periodic dental check-up at district hospital.
- Collect water samples from new drinking water sources for analysis of fluorine levels by the Government Analyst Laboratory.
- Information, education and communication (preventive dentistry)

12.8 Outreach Services

- Rehabilitation services.
- Psychiatric services.
- Home based care for HIV/AIDS and the chronically ill
- School Health programmes

formation System.

f surveillance systems.

- Disease Surveillance activities
- Oral health services.
- EPI, FP, ANC and PNC.
- Environmental Health services.

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CURATIVE CARE SERVICES

A more comprehensive and sophisticated curative care service than that at primary level (Clinics, Rural Health Centres, Rural Hospital) is offered at the District Hospital.

13.1 Patients

The types of patients to receive treatment at the district hospital are:-

- · Referrals from clinics, health centres and rural hospitals.
- · Referrals back from Provincial and Central Hospitals.
- Patients suffering from chronic diseases who require periodic reviews.
- Accident and emergency cases.

13.2 Clinical Services

Outpatient and inpatient care is offered.

13.2.1 Within the outpatient department, patients are screened by an appropriate Nursing Officer, and those requiring further examination, investigation and treatment are referred to a Government Medical Officer.

(a) Internal Medicine and Paediatrics

 Diagnosis and treatment of the majority of acute and chronic medical conditions in children and adults.

- These include treatment of acute and chronic mental problems.
- i) Common causes of admission to Paediatric Ward (Not in order of priority) at District level include:
 - · Pneumonia
 - Diarrhoea
 - Marasmus
 - Kwashiorkor
 - AIDS definite/probable
 - Septicaemia
 - Meningitis
 - Malaria
 - Tuberculosis
 - Cardiac failure
 - Burns
 - Muti-Intoxication
 - · Failure to thrive
 - Measles

acute and chronic mental

District level include:

ii) Common causes of admission to Adult Ward (Not in order of priority) include:

- Malaria
- Congestive Cardiac failure
- Pneumonia
- Cerebral Vascular accident
- Malnutrition
- Parasuicide
- Pulmonary Tuberculosis
- Extra Pulmonary Tuberculosis
- Liver disease
- · Bronchial Asthma
- Renal failure
- Diabetes mellitus
- Gastroenteritis
- Arthritis
- Malignancy

- Retroveraemia (AIDS/HIV Infection)
- Hypertension
- Epilepsy
- Meningitis
- Nephrotic Syndrome
- Deep Vein Thrombosis
- Typhoid
- Pyelonephritis

iii) Common Mental Conditions include:

- Schizophrenia
- Depressive illness
- Mental Handicap
- Anxiety and/or hypochondriasis

iv) Medical Procedures to be performed at this level include:

- Lumbar puncture
- Skin biopsy e.g. in Leprosy
- Blood Transfusion

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- Liver Biopsy
- Breast Biopsy
- Barium meal
- Laryngoscopy
- Proctoscopy
- Sigmoidoscopy
- · ECG

13.2.2 Surgery

Minor and major surgical procedures:-

- i) Minor Surgical Operations
 - Incision and drainage of abscesses
 - Debridement of wounds/burns
 - Suturing of wounds, primary and secondary
 - Excision of superficial lumps i.e. Keloids, Lipomas, lumps and plantar warts.
 - Lymph node biopsy
 - Venous cut down

formed at this level

- Skin grafting
- · Cautery of warts.
- Circumcision
- Supra-pubic catheterization
- Chest drainage
- Removal of foreign bodies from ear/nose.
- Removal of other superficial foreign bodies
- Removal of nasal polyp
- Nasal packing

ii) Major Surgical Operations

- · Laparotomy as an emergency for acute abdomen
- Skin graft
- Release of burn contractures
- Haemorrhoidectomy
- Appendicectomy
- Herniorrhaphy

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iii) Orthopaedic Procedures

Minor procedures:-

- · Reduction of fractures
- Application of P.O.P. with or without manipulation under anaesthesia.
- · Minor amputations.
- · Insertion of steinman pin or K wire for skeletal traction.

Major procedures are:-

- · Major amputation in emergency
- External fixation of fractures
- Sequestrectomy
- Bone drilling
- · Tendon repair

13.2.3 Obstetric and Gynaecology/Family Planning

- i) Obstetric Care
 - Antenatal care.
 - Deliveries

- · Post natal care
- * These services are mainly provided to referred or at risk pregnancies.

Categories of deliveries

- Normal deliveries
- Delivery of multiple pregnancies
- Breach deliveries
- Deliveries with episiotomy
- Vacuum extraction
- Caesarian section
- · Induction of labour
- Destructive operation for obstructive labour

ii) Special Care Baby Unit

- Phototherapy
- · Care of preterm and other new born babies.

iii) Gynaecological Services

General examination and treatment of common gynaecological conditions is performed.

Minor procedures

- Dilatation and curettage
- Marsupialisation of Bartholin's cyst
- Application of Shirodkar sutures
- Evacuation of uterus for incomplete abortion
- Pap smear
- Cervical Biopsy

Major procedures

- Laparotomy for ruptured ectopic pregnancy
- Repair of ruptured uterus
- Laparoscopy for tubal ligation, dye studies
- Ovarian cystectomy

iv) Family Planning Services

Short Term Methods

- Oral contraceptives
- Spermicides
- Condoms

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Long Term Methods

- Insertion of intra-uterine devices
- Injectables (Depo provera)
- Implants (Norplant)

Permanent Methods

Voluntary Surgical contraception for males and females.

13.2.5 **Dental Services**

- Tooth extraction
- Fillings
- Scaling

13.2.6 Rehabilitation Services

- Assessment and physiotherapy treatment for clients in the hospital and at home.
- Provision of appropriate aids, equipment and appliances.
- Liaison and referral to other professionals and organisations involved in rehabilitation.
- Rehabilitation of psychiatric conditions and counselling services.

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Social Welfare counselling of patients.

13.2.7 Eye Services

- Treatment of common eye diseases such as
 - conjunctivitis
 - trachoma

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devices

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serapy treatment for clients in

equipment and appliances.

other professionals and mehabilitation.

conditions and counselling

14.0 **DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES**

A basic range of:-

- (a) Laboratory Services
- (b) Radiological Services are provided.

14.1 **LABORATORY SERVICES**

- · Haematological investigations:-
 - Haemoglobin
 - White cell count
 - Differential
 - -ESR
- Biochemistry
 - Urine Chemistry Glucose Protein
 - Blood Chemistry Glucose Potassium

Urea

- Cerebrospinal fluid Glucose Protein
- Bacteriology and Parasitology
 - Sputum for AAFB
 - Stool microscopy for parasites
 - Occult blood in stool

• B

• Se

14.2 Rad

• Ba

• UI

• Ba

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14.3 Ph

- Blood and C.S.F Cultures Subcultures at district and sent to provincial laboratory.
- Urine for Schistosoma haematobium.
- Blood slides for malaria parasite examination.
- · Blood Bank:-
 - A.B.O. and Rhesus grouping
 - Cross matching of blood
- Serological
 - RPR test for syphilis
 - HIV testing
 - Pregnancy testing

14.2 Radiological Services

- · Basic radiological examination of :-
 - Chest
 - Lungs
 - Abdomen
 - Spine (Lumbar and cervical)
 - Skull
 - Pelvis and hip
- Ultra Sound Scan
- Barium meal

14.3 Pharmaceutical Services

- Procure, store, stock control and dispense "C" and "B"

list of essential drugs for the hospital.

- Preparation of some galenicals.
- Monitoring and controlling the above activities at clinics, health centres and rural hospitals.
- Training of staff at above institutions.
- Support to peripheral centres to avoid stockout of drugs.

15.0

To assis

- Post
- Colle

15.0 FORENSIC SERVICES

To assist the police:-

- Post mortem examinations.
- Collect blood specimens for blood alcohol examination at the forensic laboratory.

audid stockout of drugs.

have activities at clinics,

16.0 TECHNICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURES

16.1 Management Structures and Functions

- 16.1.1 The District Health Executive consisting of:-
 - 1. District Medical Officer/District Health Manager
 - 2. District Nursing Officer
 - 3. District Environmental Health Officer
 - 4. District Health Services Administrator
 - 5. District Pharmacist
 - 6. The Matron
 - 7. Co-opted members as necessary

Functions

- 1. Identify priority health problems
- 2. Planning for the district health services.
- 3. Allocate and monitor resource utilisation within the district.
- 4. Ensure district objectives conform to Ministry of Health and Child Welfare policies and objectives.

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- 6. Ens

16.1.2 The [

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- 2. Rep
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- 4. Hea
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- 6. Rep
- 7. Rep
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- 9. Cha
- 10. Re

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RATIVE

- tions
- sting of:
- Manager Manager

ation within the district.

Ministry of Health

- Ensure efficiency and cost effectiveness in resource utilisation.
- Ensure the District Health Team is an effective implementation body within the District.

16.1.2 The District Health Team consists of:-

- 1. District Health Executive Members
- 2. Representatives from Rural Health Centres.
- 3. The Hospital Matron
- 4. Health Information Clerk/Officer
- 5. Executive Officer (Health) at Rural District Council.
- 6. Representative from the Ministry of Local Government.
- 7. Representatives from other relevant Ministries.
- 8. Zimbabwe National Family Planning Council representatives.
- 9. Chairperson of the Rural/District Council.
- 10. Representative from health related NGOs.

Functions

 Planning, developing and evaluating the district health services. Maintaining the links between the local community, Government and other agencies. R

In

- 3. Making joint decisions in the running of District Health Services.
- 4. Making decisions on the need and location of new health facilities within the district.
- 5. The establishment of management norms within the District.
- 6. Implementation of government policies relating to health and development.

16.1.3 The District Hospital Management Structure

1. Hospital Executive

Day to day running of the hospital.

- The District Medical Officer
- The Hospital Matron
- The Health Services Administrator
- The Pharmacist.

2. Heads of Departments Meetings

Meets on a monthly basis to co-ordinate departmental activities within the hospital.

Composition

X-Ray Operator/Radiographer Laboratory Technologist the local community,

menuming of District Health

and location of new health

magament norms within the

ment policies relating to health

ment Structure

strator

coordinate departmental

Rehabilitation Technician
Training School Tutor
Institutional Domestic Supervisor (IDS)
Dental Therapist
Transport Officer
Matron
Community Sister
Sister-in-charge
Pharmacist
Government Medical Officer
Any other co-opted members

3. Hospital Advisory Board at District Level

Consists of 6 members:

- A General practitioner
- A Councillor of the local authority
- A local businessman
- A representative of the churches
- 2 appointees of the Minister of Health

The District Medical Officer and the Hospital Matron are ex-officio members of the Advisory Board with no right to vote.

The Health Services Administrator of the Hospital is the secretary to the Board.

In addition to its advisory capacity to the Hospital Executive, the Board can raise funds for the general development of the hospital.

- 4. General Staff Meetings
- Departmental Meetings intradepartmental issues are discussed.

Major Functions

- 1. The day to day running of the hospital as an institution.
- Formulation of the hospital budget and institution of financial and other management rules.
- 3. Formulation of hospital policies.
- 4. Setting standards for staffing, staff development and performance standards for the hospital.
- 5. Hospital public relations.

16.1.4 <u>District Development Committee (DDC)</u>

This is a meeting of all District Heads of Ministries and other developmental agencies.

This committee is chaired by the Ministry of Local Government.

Functions

- To consider ward development plans presented to it in terms of Section 59 of the Rural District Act of 1988.
- 2. To recommend to Council on matters to be considered

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Ind i) in the annual and other long term plans for the district.

 To prepare the annual district development plan for approval by the Council

16.2 Support Services

Laundry Services

Catering

Administrative functions

- Personnel
- Revenue collection
- Accounting
- Assets Control

Equipment maintenance
Facility maintenance
Transport
Supplies
Mortuary

16.3 District Monitoring

Indicators of Health Services provision

i) Child Survival: Percentage

The number of infant (under one year) deaths (I M R) reported to the health centre divided by the estimated number of births during the last 12 months. Information on this indicator should also include data from VCWs, FHWs and TMs.

mental issues are

as an institution.

and institution of

development and

Ministries and other

Ministry of Local

gresented to it in Act of 1988.

be considered

ii) Maternal Mortality: Percentage

The number of maternal deaths reported to the health centre divided by the estimated total number of births during the last 12 months. Information on this indicator should also include data from VCWs, FHWs, and TMs.

iii) Adult Mortality: Percentage

The number of adults deaths (15+) reported to the health centre divided by the estimated adult population (15+). Information on this indicator should also include data from VCWs, FHWs and TMs.

iv) Immunization coverage: Percentage

The number of children fully vaccinated before their first birthday divided by the estimated number of births during the last 12 months.

v) Family Planning Coverage: Percentage

The number of women (15-49) using one of the modern Family Planning methods during the 12 months divided by the estimated number of women in this age category.

vi) Essential drug coverage: Percentage

The number of essential drugs that are not maintained at the minimum stock levels divided by the total number of essential drugs which should be in stock. Th rep nu

viii) C

Th

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ix) Re

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number of births the second on this indicator FHWs, and TMs.

content to the health content population (15+).

before their first

me 12 months divided this age category.

not maintained the total number

vii) Household food security: percentage

The number of children under five years who were reported as under the 3rd centile line divided by the total number of children weighted during the past 12 months.

viii) Community water supplies: percentage

The number of families with access to clean drinking water within 15 minute walk (to water supply and back) divided by the total number of families.

ix) Resource management

Ability to provide health services within levels of budget allocation e.g. status of budget at the end of financial year.

Management Tools for Monitoring

- In Service training programmes
- Health Information Collection, interpretation and use.
- Report writing and feedback
- Health Systems Research
- Attending Intersectoral meetings
- Check lists
- Self Appraisal Programme (RAP) questionnaires

- District and Clinic profiles
- Inventory of assets and equipment
- Competition and awards programmes.

16.4 District Resources Standards

16.4.1 Staffing

The staffing standards for district and rural hospitals are detailed in the document 'Health Human Resources Master Plan 1993 - 1997' Appendix B

16.4.2 Transport

Standards for transport requirements at district level are detailed in the document "Transport Action Plan" May 1991.

- a) Two (2) 4 wheel drive ambulances
- b) One (1) 2 wheel drive ambulance
- c) One (1) minibus ambulance at selected district hospitals (larger)

16.4.4

- d) 4 light four wheel drive vehicles for:-
 - outreach services
 - supervision
 - disease control
 - general purpose
- e) One (1) trailer

50

f) One (1) motor cycle.

16.4.3 Equipment and Supplies

a) Communications:

A radio or telephone links between all Rural Health Centres and the District Hospital.

b) Equipment/Supplies:

The standard Inventory Schedule for the upgrading of district hospitals is available and outlines the requirements for a district hospital. Appendix C.

c) Drugs:

Minimum stock levels equivalent to 3 months requirements for the health facility will be maintained through a rigorous stock control system.

16.4.4 Budget

The budgeting process starts with the district level submitting detailed estimates and justification of requirements at the beginning of the budget planning cycle.

These submissions are analyzed and consolidated at the provincial level and on the basis of these submissions a national health budget estimate is submitted to government for consideration.

At the beginning of each financial year the total Ministry (Health) budget is allocated to the 8 provinces on the basis

grammes.

and rural hospitals are

ants at district level are **Lation Plan" May 1991.

med district hospitals

of an objective formula. The provinces in consultation with the provincial health team then allocate these resources to the various districts in their provinces on the basis of a formula. Some of the resources are allocated to the 5 Central Hospitals.

The DHE monitors and is accountable for the expenditure of the resources allocated for the provision of quality health services in the particular district.

16.4.5 Infrastructure

The standard district hospital in Zimbabwe has a capacity of up to 140 beds. This many vary depending on the catchment population and availability of other health facilities in the same district or contiguous area.

The design is available in the FAMILY HEALTH PROJECT Document "Upgrading District Hospitals" April 1994.

The following departments are essential at a district hospital:-

- 1. Administration Block
- Outpatient department
- Emergency department
- 4. Pharmacy
- 5. Maternal and Child Health Department

- 6. Stand
- 7. Mater
- 8. Labou
- Opera
- 10. X-Ray
- Rehal
- 12. Kitche
- 13. Laund
- Centra
- 15. Incine
- Mortus
- 17. Waitin
- 18. Labora
- 19. MCH/I
- 20. Denta

- consultation with these resources to the basis of a allocated to the 5
- for the expenditure of quality health
- depending on the man are the control of the control
- HEALTH PROJECT April 1994.
- essential at a district

- 6. Standard Acute wards: Male, Female, Paediatric
- 7. Maternity Ward
- 8. Labour Ward
- 9. Operating Theatre
- 10. X-Ray Department
- 11. Rehabilitation Department
- 12. Kitchen and Dining Hall
- 13. Laundry
- 14. Central Supplies Stores/Department
- 15. Incinerator
- 16. Mortuary
- 17. Waiting Mothers Shelter
- 18. Laboratory
- 19. MCH/FP Training Unit
- 20. Dental Unit

17.0 ROLE OF THE PROVINCIAL LEVEL IN SUPPORT OF THE DISTRICT HEALTH SERVICES

17.1 INTRODUCTION

The Provincial Office fulfils the major supportive role of facilitating and supervising the provision of an efficient and effective health delivery system within the province.

17.2 Responsibilities of the Provincial level

- * Planning, monitoring and evaluation of the health delivery system within the province.,
- * Compilation of the provincial health budget in consultation with the District Health Teams and monitoring the expenditure of allocated resources.
- * Supervision of the District Health Teams.
- * Co-ordinate health related activities of other sectors including NGOs.
- * Provision of adequate logistical and technical support to the district health teams.

17.3 Sur

17.3.1

a) <u>F</u>

b) §

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major supportive role of an efficient and within the province.

al level

of the health delivery

and monitoring the

of other sectors

inical support to

17.3 Support to the District Level

17.3.1 Clinical Support

a) Referral

The provincial hospital acts as the referral hospital for all hospitals and other appropriate health facilities within the province.

Referral of emergencies outside the existing referral system.

b) Support

Provides professional support, guidance and training to the district level by clinical specialists based at the provincial hospital:

- Surgeons
- Physicians
- Paediatricians
- · Obstetricians/Gynaecologists
- Anaesthetists
- Psychiatrists
- Ophthalmologists

Dentists

Support services from other specialists:

- Pharmacists
- Laboratory technologists
- Radiographers
- Physiotherapists
- Dieticians

17.3.2 Supervision

The Provincial Medical Director and/or members of the PHE will conduct supervisory visits to address issues at district level and to:

- Give feedback to the DHEs within two weeks after the visit.
- To draft and provide a calendar of major activities/events by June of every year e.g. annual reports, meetings, workshops, campaigns etc.
- To give timely feedback on health information, surveys, meetings and national workshops.
- Organise management and other courses for key district health personnel.

17.3.3 Communication/Co-ordination of Activities

- Ensure every district has an effective District Medical Officer/District Health Manager.
- That every member of the PHE undertakes a supervisory/ support visit to each district <u>at least</u> twice a year. (Minimalist requirement).
- That PHT meetings are held at least twice a year.
 (Minimalist requirement).
- That every official communication to the District is always sent through the District Medical Officer and copied to the implementor.
- Problems/communications from the Districts are responded to within two weeks of receipt.
- That there is consensus within the PHE on policy and other matters communicated to the Districts.

17.3.4 Support

- To provide and ensure provision of relief/additional staff as and when required.
- Facilitate availability of resources to the District level.
- Facilitate interdistrict exchange/transfer of health personnel as and when required.

mbers of the PHE issues at district

weeks after the

mactivities/events

mation, surveys,

ses for key district

	Disseminate widely information on staff development opportunities.	ABBRE
	listrict programmes.	AAFB
	nterpret circulars and National health policies to the District level.	ANC
17.4 <u>Man</u>	nagement Structures at Provincial Level	ARI
• P	Provincial Health Executive	BCG
• P	Provincial MCH Committee	BP
• P	rovincial Epidemiology and Disease Control Committee	CBD
	fultisectoral IEC and Health Promotion Committee.	CHN
		CSF
	rovincial Health Team	DHE
17.5 <u>Man</u>	nagement of Resources	DHT
	he province will ensure the equitable distribution of vailable human resources according to the "Health	DMO
H B	luman Resources Master Plan 1993 - 1997" Appendix	DNO
17.5.2 E	Ensure equitable allocation of recurrent expenditures	DVT
	sing appropriate indicators.	ECG
	o assist in the definition of role clarity of district health ersonnel.	EDLIZ

m staff development	ABBREV	IATIO	<u>NS</u>
and evaluation of	AAFB	-	Alcohol Acid Fast Bacillus
	AIDS	-	Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome
policies to the	ANC	-	Antenatal Care
Level	ARI	-	Acute Respiratory Infection
	BCG	-	Bacillu Calinett Guerin
	BP	-	Blood Pressure
Control Committee	CBD	ā — 35	Community Based Distributor
11688s3	CHN	-	Community Health Nurse
Committee.	CSF	- ,	District Development Committee
The state of the s	DHE	-	District Health Executive
	DHT	-	District Health Team
distribution of the "Health	DMO	-	District Medical Officer
Appendix	DNO	-	District Nursing Officer
expenditures	DVT	-	Deep Vein Thrombosis
- Caponditaros	ECG	-	Electro Cardiograph
and district health	EDLIZ	-	Essential Drugs List for Zimbabwe

		- 1 - 1 - 1	SSS
EHT	-	Environmental Health Technician	STDs
EPI	-	Expanded Programme of Immunization	STITUTION
ESR	-	Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	тв
FHP	•	Family Health Project	TM
FHW	-	Family Health Worker	т
FP	-	Family Planning	VCWs
Hb	-	Haemoglobin	ZEDAP
HIV	-	Human Immunodeficiency Virus	ZINATHA
IEC	-	Information, Education, Communication	terri
IMR	÷	Infant Mortality Rate	ZNFPC
мсн	-	Maternal and Child Health	
NGOs	· •	Non-Government Organisations	
PHE	-	Provincial Health Executive	
PHT	•	Provincial Health Team	
PNC	-	Post natal care	
POP	*	Plaster of Paris	
RHC	-	Rural Health Centre	
RPR		Reagin Plasma Reagent	

	SSS	-	Sugar, Salt Solution
ermician	STDs	-	Sexually Transmitted Diseases
munization	STI	-	Sexually Transmitted Infections
m Rate	ТВ	-	Tuberculosis
	TM	-	Traditional Midwife
	TT	-	Tetanus Toxoid
	VCWs	-	Village Community Workers
	ZEDAP	-	Zimbabwe Essential Drugs Action Programme
Communication	ZINATHA	-	Zimbabwe National Traditional Healers Association
Caron	ZNFPC	-	Zimbabwe National Family Planning Council

APPENDIX A

STANDARD RHC LIST FOR EQUIPMENT, FURNITURE, STATIONERY AND <u>SUPPLIES AND LINEN</u>

Foot C

Oxyge

Kick a

R.P.R

Laryn

Stain

EQUIPMENT

<u>ITEM</u>	NUMBER	
Obstetric Bed	1	
Examination Couch	2	
Patients Beds (Depending on ward space)	6	
Diagnostic Set	. 1	
Baby Scale	1	
Standing Scale	1	
Bathroom Scale	2	
Salter Scale	2	
Sphygmomanometer	3 (2 mercury + one aneroid)	
Stethoscope	3	

	Fetal Stethoscope		3
	Bedside steps		1
FURNITURE,	Ambu Bag		1
	Foot Operated Suction	Pump	
	Oxygen cylinder		1
MBER	Kick about for Labour	Ward	1
1	Haemoglobinometer		1
2	R.P.R. Kit		1
6	Laryngoscope - Paedi	atric	1
1	Vaginal speculae		3
1	Stainless Steel: Bowls	35 mm	2
1		Bowls 15 mm	4
2		Bowls 65 mm	2
2		Receivers 30 cm	4
3 (2 mercury + one aneroid)		Receivers x 15-20 cm	
3		Trays without lids	1 25cm x 20 cm

	Trays with lids	1 25cm x 20 cm
	1 x Enema can and Tubing	
Forcer's forceps		x 3
Bard Parker handle		x 2 (No. 3 and No. 4)
Sinus forceps		x 2
Swab holding force	ps	x 3
Bed pans		x 2
Urinals		x 2
Medicine Cups		x 10
Episiotomy scisso	rs	x 2
120 mm toothed o		3
Scissors Blunt sha		x 1
Non-toothed disse		20
120 mm Artery fo		6
150 mm Artery fo		4
Hegars needle h		3

Trassing scissors

- Bowls and receive

54 5 5 6

buttles.

3

*Bowls and receivers have been reduced with the introduction of spray bottles.

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P.O. BOX CV 1122

FURNITURE			
Bicycles			"Gas Cylinde
Dioycles		x 2	DAK autock
Tables		х 3	Ena Burner
Chairs		x 6	
Banahaa lana		^ 0	Dial thermom
Benches long	8	x 6	Spray bottles
Benches short		х 3	50 litre plastic
Chalk Board		x 1	
Desirta o		^ 1	Canvas linen
Bedside Screens		x 2	Calivas IIII6II
Drug Trolleys		x 1 (lockable)	Torch
December 7		* I (IOOILADIO)	Iron
Dressing Trolleys		x 2 (Big ones)	
Dressing Trolleys	¥	x 2 (Small	Lamp
Wheel chair		ones)	Sterilizer Time
whieel chair		x 1	
Drip stands		x 2	* Steam sterili
Dodal Div		X 2	syringes and
Pedal Bins		x 1	- Taking into
Refrigerator			refrigerator.
		x 1	
Vaccine Carrier		x 2	Part I

x 2

	**Gas Cylinder	x 2	
x 2	D.A.K. autoclave	x 1	
x 3	Eno Burner	x 1	
x 6	Dial thermometers	x 3	
x 6	Spray bottles	x 6	
x 3	50 litre plastic container	x 1 (Éor line	
x 1		x 1	
x 2	Canvas linen bag	X 1 3	
^-	Torch	x 1	
x 1 (lockable)	Iron	x 1	
x 2 (Big ones)	Lama	x 1	
x 2 (Small	Lamp		
ones)	Sterilizer Timer	x 1 (Stop	p clock)
x 1 x 2	* Steam sterilizer not included since there syringes and needles.	is now single use disp	osable
x 1	** Taking into consideration that there refrigerator.	may be solar energy	for the
x 1			
v 2	Pic.		

STATIONERY

- 1 staple and staple pins
- 1 Punch
- 1 Ruler
- 6 Box files
- 10 Flat files
- **TB** Register
- O.P. Cards
- T. Series Forms T2, T3, T5, T6, T99, T12, T10, T13.
- Large Books for Registers
- Hard covered exercise books
- Child growth cards
- Antenatal Cards/Booklets
- F.P. cards
- Hospital Transfer Forms
- Medical Requisition Book

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Stock Control Cards

Stock Control Book

Carbon Paper

Interdepartmental Requisition Book (Z4)

ZEPI forms

TT Cards

Envelopes

Laboratory Forms

Memorandum Pads/Plain Paper

Partograms

T12, T10, T13.

Tape measure

Duplicate Book with Carbon

Poster Papers

Markers

Graph Paper

Pap Smear Forms

Office Pins

Sterilizing bags

LINEN

Sheets

Blankets

Draw Sheets

Counter Pane

Pillows

Pillow Cases

Mackintosh

Baby Blanket

Green Towels

Kitchen Towe

Bath Towels

Hand Towels

Split Backs

Plastic Apro

Gum Boots

LINEN

Sheets	32
Blankets	18
Draw Sheets	24
Counter Panes	12
Pillows	12
Pillow Cases	18
Mackintosh	10 metres
Baby Blankets	6
Green Towels	60 metres
Kitchen Towels	3
Bath Towels	10 weighing pants x 15
Hand Towels	12
Split Backs	6
Plastic Aprons	6
Gum Boots	2 pairs

SUPPLIES - VARIABLE

Essential Drugs

Disinfectants

Vaccines

Contraceptives

Thermometers

Gloves, Syringes, needles

Feeding tubes - infant

Solution giving sets

Umbilical Cord cotton taps

Cord Clamps

Adhesive Plaster

Cotton Wool

Sanitary Towels

Dressing Bandages

Gauze Swabs

Kerosene

Gas, Glove Powder

Oxygen

Labstix

Autoclaving/Sensitive Tape

R.P.R. kit consumables

Haemolyzing stix

Condoms

Torch batteries

Blood lancets

Surgical Blades

Sterilization Bags - various sizes

Sharps containers

Blood Collecting Tubes

Slides

Stitch Removing Blades

Wooden Spatulae

Insecticides

APPENDIX B

STANDARD STAFFING PATTERNS (DISTRICT HOSPITAL 140 BEDS)

CATEGORY OF HEALTH WORKER	MINIMUM STAFF	IDEAL/OPTIMUM REQUIREMENTS
Doctors		, i i ii
DMO/Medical Sup. III	1	1
Gov. Medical Officer	3	4
Nurses	22	
Matron III/Clinical Officer	1	1
Nurses (All grades)	104	141
Nurse Aides	15	20
Dental		
Dentist	1	1
Dental Therapist	1	2
Dental Technicial	1	2
Dental Assistant	1	2
Pharmicist	resi	
Pharmicist (All grades)	1	2
Pharmacy	1	2
Dispensary Assistant	1	1
Laboratory		
Laboratory Technologist	1	2
Ass. Lab. Technicial	1	2
X-Ray Department		
Radiographer	1	2
X-Ray Operator	1	1
DarkroomAssistant	. 1	ju na 1000 B. a

STANDARD STAFFING PATTERNS (DISTRICT HOSPITAL 140 BEDS) (continued)

CATEGORY OF HEALTH WORKER	MINIMUM STAFF	IDEAL/OPTIMUM REQUIREMENTS	
General Administration		DESIGN THROW REQUIREMENTS	
Hospital Administrator	1		CATEGORY
Executive Officer	1	1	OAILGONI
Clerk (All grades)	4	1	
Ambulance Driver	4	6	THE PERSON NAMED IN
Telephonist	4	6	District Nursin
Typist Stenographer	2	4	
Linen Checker	4	3	Community N
CSSD Packer	1	2	
Security Guard	1	2	Assistant/Libra
MortuaryAttendant	4	4	
Sewing Assistant	. 1	2	Typist
Stores Ordely	1	1	1) pist
	1	1	Dist. Env. Hea
General Hand (All grades)	25	30	DIST. CITY. FIES
Rehabilitation			Prin. Env. Hea
RehabilitationAssistant	•		
The state of the s	1	2	Env. Health Te
Kitchen			
Inst. Domestic Supervisor			SUB TOTAL
Cooks (All grades)	1	2	
(in grades)	3	4	
TOTAL	0202000		
- OIAL	191	259	
		Alter I real fall	

NOTE: Salary based on bottom and ceiling for particular grade.

The actual requirements for each station will be calculated according to the size of the District Hospitl (Bed Capacity) which will have been determined by population size and other factors.

BEDS) (continued)

DISTRICT TEAM STANDARD STAFFING PATTERN

ENLOPTIMUM REQUIREMENTS

2 2

CATEGORY OF HEALTH WORKER	MINIMUM STAFF	IDEAL/OPTIMUM REQUIREMENTS
		in deliberation
District Nursing Officer	1	1
Community Nurse	3	3
Assistant/Librarian	1	1
Typist	. 1	1
Dist. Env. Health Officer	1	1
Prin. Env. Health Technician	1	1
Env. Health Technician III	1	1
SUB TOTAL	9	9
		- 1

STANDARD STAFFING PATTERNS (DISTRICT HOSPITAL 140 BEDS)

the size of the District size and other factors.

APPENDIX C		OXYGE
DISTRICT HOSPITAL STANDARD		PLATF
EQUIPMENT LIST		PALLE
IDENTIFIED IN THE DOCUMENT "FAMILY HEALTH PROJECT M.O.H. & C.W. UPGRADING OF DISTRICT HOSPITALS".	T II	SHOW
DENTAL VACUUM UNIT	2	TROLL
DENTAL COMPRESSOR	2	TROLL
FAN, DESK MODEL, OSCILLATING	34	TROLL
GAS BOTTLE, OXYGEN SIZE J	20	TROLL
GAS BOTTLE, OXYGEN SIZE F	20	TROLI
GAS BOTTLE, NITROUS OXIDE, SIZE E	20	TROL
GAS BOTTLE, NITROUS OXIDE, SIZE E	20	TROL
HEATER ELECTRIC	54	TROL
HEATER ELECTRIC TABULAR	4	TROL
INSTRUMENT TROLLEY, LARGE, GUARD RAILS	12	TROL
INSTRUMENT TROLLEY, SMALL, GUARD RAILS	10	TROL
MAYO TABLE, HEIGHT ADJUSTABLE	6	TROL
NURSE CALL/BELL	20	TROL

		OXYGEN REFILLING DEVICE	2
		PLATFORM TRUCK	2
		PALLET TRUCK	2
MILY HEALTH PR	OJECT II	SHOWER CURTAIN	44
HCT HOSPITALS".		TELEPHONE EXT.	66
	2	TROLLEY, CLEAN LINEN	34
	2	TROLLEY, DIRTY LINEN	6
	34	TROLLEY, MEDICINE, LOCKABLE	6
	20	TROLLEY, PATIENTS RECORDS	6
	20	TROLLEY, UTILITY, TWO SHELVES	20
EE.	20	TROLLEY, DRESSING WITH DRAWERS	38
EE.	20	TROLLEY, PATIENT SHOWER	4
	54	TROLLEY, PATIENT WASH	4
	4	TROLLEY, PLASTER	2
MERALS	12	TROLLEY, PATIENT WASH	4
MELITAILS	10	TROLLEY, PLASTER	2
	6	TROLLEY, KITCHEN - BAIN MARIE	8
	20	TROLLEY, MORTUARY COVERED	2
		79	
		12	

TRUCK, LAUNDRY, CLEAN LINEN	2	SUPP
TRUCK, LAUNDRY, WET LINEN	2	SHELV
DESK, SINGLE PEDESTAL, 3 DRAWERS	24	RACK
DESK, DOUBLE PEDESTAL	24	CABIN
BASSINET WITH MATTRESS	16	воок
HOSPITAL BED, MOBILE, ADJ. HEADREST AND MATTRESS		SIDE
HOSPITAL BED, MOBILE, FOWLER AND MATTRESS	140	FILING
IRON ELECTRIC - INDUSTRIAL	8	FILM L
	2	LOCKE
LIFTING POLE WITH HANDGRIP	8	BED SI
BEDSHEET CRADLE	8	
BEDSIDE RAIL, PAIR, ATTACHABLE TO BED	8	INSTRI
GUEST BED WITH MATTRESS	38	INSTRI
TROLLEY FOR BASSINET		CABINI
SCALE TOP LOADING (KITCHEN)	16	SAFE, I
WEIGHING SCALE PLATFORM	1	SAFE B
	2	CABINE
PATIENT STRETCHER WITH DETACHABLE BAR	10	BOARD
PATIENT STRETCHER HEIGHT ADJUSTABLE	6	
		DEEP F

	2	SUPPORT FOR MOSQUITO NET ON BASSINET	8
	2	SHELVES, WIRE MESH, FOR FREE STANDING	6
	24	RACK, BEDPAN AND URINALS	8
	24	CABINET, DOUBLE DOOR	22
	16	BOOK CASE, LARGE	20
		SIDE CABINET	14
	140	FILING CABINET, FOUR DRAWERS	30
MATTRESS	8	FILM LOADING BENCH	1
	2	LOCKERS (STAFF)	64
	8	BED SIDE LOCKER (DOMESTIC)	148
	8	INSTRUMENT CABINET	32
ED .	8	INSTRUMENT CABINET (DENTAL)	2
	38	CABINET, DRUG, DOUBLE DOOR (WITH ALARM)	2
	16	SAFE, IN ADMINISTRATION	1
	1	SAFE BOX, WALL MOUNTED	3
	2	CABINET, WARMING STERILE WATER BOTTLES	1
E BAR	10	BOARD, CHOPPING ON STANDS	2
ILE	6	DEEP FREEZER - KITCHEN	1

CLEANING TROLLEY WITH UTENSILS	9	CHAIR, EASY
FOOD MIXER	1	CONFERENCE
HOT PLATE, DOUBLE	4	CHAIR OFFICE
KETTLE, ELECTRIC	4	STOOL SHOW
MINCE, MANUAL	1	TOILET SHOW
REFRIGERATOR (PHARMACY) BULK STORE	1	TOILET CHAIR,
REFRIGERATOR (KITCHEN) 650 LITRE	2	STOOL, MOBILI
REFRIGERATOR	5	TABLE, WRITIN
REFRIGERATOR, TABLE TOP	6	TABLE, CONFE
FREEZER	2	TABLE, FORMIC
STEP LADDER	2	
SHREDDER, VEGETABLE		TABLE, DINING
TOASTER	1	TABLE, LOW
TIN OPENER, WALL MOUNTED	1	CURTAIN CUBIC
TEA MACHINE	1	WINDOW CURTA
CHAIR OFFICE, VISITOR	2	BED SCREEN - N
	60	TYPEWRITER
CHAIR, PLASTIC SHELL, WITHOUT ARMREST	124	COMPUTER AND
CHAIR, PLASTIC SHELL, WITH ARMREST	24	CALCULATOR

3 10801	11	9 CHAIR, EASY	40
		1 CONFERENCE CHAIR	40
	4	CHAIR OFFICE	28
	4	STOOL SHOWER	88
	1	TOILET SHOWER	20
TORE	1	TOILET CHAIR, MOBILE WITH BEDPAN	20
FUOR TO U	2	STOOL, MOBILE ADJUSTABLE WITH BACK REST	2
	5	TABLE, WRITING	16
	6	TABLE, CONFERENCE	10
	2	TABLE, FORMICA TOP	1
	2	TABLE, DINING	37
	1	TABLE, LOW	12
	1	CURTAIN CUBICLE	16
	1		36
	2	WINDOW CURTAIN	10
		BED SCREEN - MOBILE	22
EST	60	TYPEWRITER	6
	124	COMPUTER AND PRINTER	1
	24	CALCULATOR	6

PHOTOCOPIER		
DUPLICATING MACHINE	2	MOTHER
PAPER BINDING MACHINE	1	CHART, PI
CASH REGISTER	1	CHART, FE
TRAY CORRESPONDENCE	2	MALE GON
	20	OVARIAN S
BLACK BOARD UTENSILS (SET)	1	APRON, LE
FIXED LOW PLINTH (REHABILITATION)	1	PROTECTI
MAT THERAPY 4ft x 4ft x 1 inch	2	STERILIZEI
PARALLEL BARS, FREE STANDING	2	HOT AIR ST
MIRROR POSTURE, MOBILE	2	WASTE PAR
WEAVING LOOM	1	
SLIDE PROJECTOR		WASTE PAF
OVERHEAD PROJECTOR	1	WASTE CON
PROJECTION SCREEN	1	BIN PEDAL (
PHOTO CAMERA 35mm	1	CONTAINER
VIDEO UNIT	1	CONTAINER
OBSTETRIC PHANTOM WITH DOLL	1	EXERCISE E
	1	BALKAN BEA
PELVIS, FEMALE, MEDIAN SECTION	1	TRACTION E
0.4		

	2	MOTHER CARE PRACTICAL DOLL, FLEXIBLE
	1	CHART, PREGNANCY STAGES
	1	CHART, FERTILISATION AND OVUM STAGES DEVELOP 1
	2	MALE GONAD SHIELDS, SET 1
	20	OVARIAN SHIELDS, SET 1
	1	APRON, LEAD 4
	1	PROTECTIVE GLOVES, PAIR 4
	2	STERILIZER, TABLE TOP, FOR DENTIST 1
	2	HOT AIR STERILIZER (CSSD)
	2	WASTE PAPER BASKET 108
	1 -	WASTE PAPER BASKET, WALL MOUNTED 12
	1	WASTE CONTAINER WITH LID - MOBILE 34
	1	BIN PEDAL OPERATED 140
	1	CONTAINER SHARP DISPOSAL
	1	CONTAINER FOR GLOVE WASH 4
	1	EXERCISE EQUIPMENT, PHYSIO 2
	1	BALKAN BEAMS 4
	1	TRACTION EQUIPMENT (SET) 2

	0	SUCTION PL
PHOTOTHERAPY UNIT	2	
INFUSION PUMP ON MOBILE UNIT	1	SUCTION P
INFUSION STAND MOBILE	34	DELIVERY E
INFUSION ROD ATTACHABLE TO BED	16	PLASTERT
BLOOD WARMER ON STAND	2	VACUUM EX
INCUBATOR, BABY	8	ELBOW CR
BABY WARMING RESUSCITATE UNIT	2	AUXILIARY
TROLLEY CRASH/RESUSCITATION	2	BROOM ST
OXYGEN TROLLEY, COMPLETE	9	WALKING F
RESUSCITATION SET	4	WALKING F
MANUAL RESUSCITATION FOR NEW BORN	2	WALKING F
DENTAL INSTRUMENTS, SET	2	WALKING
DENTAL CHAIR AND UNIT	2	WHEEL CH
MOBILE DENTAL UNIT	1	WHEEL CH
AMALGAMATOR (DENTIST)	2	WHEEL CH
DENTAL EXAMINATION LIGHT	2	TOOLS FO
PATIENT ROLL OVER (RECOVERY ROOM)	2	DIATHER
SUCTION PUMP, FOOT OPERATED	6	OPERATII

2	SUCTION PUMP, DOUBLE BOTTLE 2
1	SUCTION PUMP, MOBILE, WARD TYPE 8
34	DELIVERY BED 4
16	PLASTER TABLE-ORTHOPAEDIC 2
2	VACUUM EXTRACTOR, MANUAL 2
8	ELBOW CRUTCHES - ALM ADJUSTABLE - PAIR 10
2	AUXILIARY CRUTCHES - ALM-TRIPOD PAIR 10
2	BROOM STICK CRUTCHES, PAIR 12
9	WALKING FRAME (WHEELS) FOR REHABILITATION 6
4	WALKING FRAME (ADULT) 8
2	WALKING FRAME CHILD 4
2	WALKING STICK, ADJUSTABLE 4
2	WHEEL CHAIR, ADULT 8
1	WHEEL CHAIR, CHILD 2
2	WHEEL CHAIR, FOLDING, EMERGENCY DEPT. 4
2	TOOLS FOR WOODWORK, SET 2
2	DIATHERMY UNIT 2
6	OPERATING TABLE 2
201	

FRI CAS RETAIN

M)

	EMERGENCY TROLLEY	2	SLIDE WARM
	LAMP, OPERATING, MOBILE	2	CENTRIFUGE
	MOBILE LIGHTING UNIT	4	MICRO HAEN
	RAIL UNIT, 1 METER, RECOVERY ROOM	4	BALANCE, AN
	OSCILLATING PLASTER SAW, ELECTRIC	2	SCALE ANALY
	TOURNIQUET	2	BALANCE 20 I
	BLANKET, POST OPERATING	2	SCALE ELECT
	KICK-BUCKET	12	WATER BATH
	BOWL STAND, SINGLE BOWL	4	BLOOD BANK
	BOWL STAND, DOUBLE BOWL	10	MIXER ON STA
	BUCKET WITH LID	4	ROLLER MIXE
	PATIENT MONITOR FOR ANAESTHESIA	2	ROTARY MIXE
	WARD DRUGS BASKET	1	DP CP
	NAESTHESIA MACHINE	6	INCUBATOR - L
		4	HOT AIR OVEN
A	NAESTHESIA SUNDRIES	4	PUMP FOR 200
C	XYGEN CONCENTRATOR	8	BILIRUBINOME
N	EBULIZER, ELECTRIC	4	HAEMOGLOBIN
M	ICROSCOPE	4	REFRACTOMET

	2	SLIDE WARMER	2
	2	CENTRIFUGE	2
	4	MICRO HAEMATOCRIT (LABORATORY)	2
	4	BALANCE, ANALYTIC	2
ec ·	2	SCALE ANALYTIC (PHARMACY)	2
	2	BALANCE 20 kg (AUTOPSY ROOM)	2
	2	SCALE ELECTRONIC, TOP LOADING	4
	12	WATER BATH	2
	4	BLOOD BANK REFRIGERATOR	2
	10	MIXER ON STAND WITH BOWL (PHARMACY)	2
	4	ROLLER MIXER (LABORATORY)	2
	2	ROTARY MIXER	1
	6	INCUBATOR - LABORATORY	1
	4	HOT AIR OVEN	1
	4	PUMP FOR 200 1 DRUM, MANUAL	2
	8	BILIRUBINOMETER	1
	4	HAEMOGLOBINOMETER	4
	4	REFRACTOMETER	1

BLOOD CELL COUNTER, MANUAL	1	EXAMIN
URINE TEST EQUIPMENT	2	EXAMIN
SPECTROPHOTOMETER	1	TREATM
FLAME PHOTO METER AND COMPRESSOR	1	EXAMIN
COLONY COUNTER	1 ³	EXAMIN
BUNSEN BURNER	3	FOOT S
COUNTER TABLET	2	BABY W
TRAY COUNTER TABLET	6	SCALE I
GLASS SLAB FOR OINTMENT	1	OTOSCO
DIAGNOSTIC SET (COMPLETE)	6	BABY M
SPHYGMOMANOMETER, AUTOMATIC, EMERGENCY	2	MOBILE
SPHYGMOMANOMETER	4	BUCKY
SPHYGMOMANOMETER, MOBILE	8	BUCKY
SPHYGMOMANOMETER, RAIL MOUNTED	8	X-RAY C
SPHYGMOMANOMETER, WALL MOUNTED	14	DENTAL
SPHYGMOMANOMETER, ANEROID	2	X-RAY G
STETHOSCOPE	30	NAME P
LARYNGOSCOPE	4	DIAGNO

	EXAMINATION COUCH	
	EXAMINATION COOCH	20
2	EXAMINATION COUCH WITH LEG SUPPORT	6
1	TREATMENT COUCH (REHAB)	2
1	EXAMINATION LAMP, MOBILE	13
1	EXAMINATION LAMP, WALL MOUNTED	2
3	FOOT STOOL, ONE STEP, EPOXY COATED	60
2	BABY WEIGHING SCALE	14
6	SCALE PLATFORM WH/HT MEASURE	6
1	OTOSCOPE/OPHTHALMOSCOPE, WALL MOUNTED	10
6	BABY MEASURING DEVICE	2
2	MOBILE X-RAY UNIT	1
4	BUCKY TABLE BUCKY STAND	1 1
8	X-RAY COLUMN	1
14	DENTAL X-RAY UNIT-WALL MOUNTED	1
2	X-RAY GENERATOR	1
30	NAME PRINTER AND FILM MARKER	1
E SMOTOAP	DIAGNOSTIC ULTRA SOUND	1

X-RAY FILM VIEWER, 1 FIELD WALL MOUNTED	8	BRUSH
X-RAY FILM VIEWER, 4 FIELD, WALL MOUNTED	3	BIN ST
AUTOMATIC PROCESSING UNIT, TABLE TOP	1	LINEN
DEV/FIX TANKS FOR AUTOMATIC PROCESSOR	1	LINEN
DENTAL X-RAY FILM PROCESSOR	1	OPER/
CASSETTES X-RAY, GRIDDED, SET	1	EMERO
MANUAL PROCESSING UNIT	1	APRON
PATIENT POSITIONING UNIT	1	RUBBE
DARK ROOM SUNDRIES	1	CHART
HANGER BRACKETS, SET	1	DESKU
PAPER ROLL STAND, TABLE MOUNTED	2	GLASS
STERILIZATION TAPE DISPENSER	2	GLASS
CUTLERY AND CROCKERY, SET	2	GLASS
DINING SET	140	CONTA
PANTRY UTENSILS, SET	8	LABOR
TEA SET	2	THERM
BRUSH DISPENSER - LOW OPERATED		BED PA
TOW OF ETIMIED	1 1	

URINAL

UNTED	8	BRUSH TOILET	1
UNTED	3	BIN STORAGE PLASTIC	10
TOP	1	LINEN SET, WARD	4
ESSOR	1:	LINEN SET DELIVERY	2
	1	OPERATING LINEN SET	3
	1	EMERGENCY DEPT LINEN SET	1
	1	APRON - MORTUARY	4
	1.	RUBBER BOOTS - PAIR	4
	1	CHART BOARDS	10
	1.	DESK UTENSILS, SET	30
	2	GLASS WARE AND UTENSILS, SET - PHARMACY	2
	2	GLASS WARE - SET LABORATORY	2
	2	GLASS WARE - SET PHARMACY	2
W 40.0	140	CONTAINERS - SET PHARMACY	2
	8	LABORATORY UTENSILS THERMOMETER, LAB. WALL MOUNTED	24
	2	BED PAN ADULT	24
	1	URINALS	32

SPLINTS - SET, WALKING HEELS FOR PLASTER	2	DILATAT
WIRE BASKET FOR STERILE GOODS	8	CIRCUN
ANTIBIOTIC BOX, LOCKABLE	6	GENER
DELIVERY SUNDRIES	2	GENER
WARD SUNDRIES, SET	8	HYSTEF
OPD SUNDRIES, SET	2	INCISIO
EMERGENCY SUNDRIES, SET	2	INTRA U
MCH DEPARTMENT SUNDRIES	2	LUMBER
DRESSING INSTRUMENTS, SET	80	MINI - LA
HOLLOW WARE, WARD SET	4	MINOR I
HOLLOW WARD, OPD SET	2	OPHTH/
HOLLOW WARE, DELIVERY DEPT SET	2	PELVIC I
HOLLOW WARE, MCH DEPT SET	2	POST M
AMPUTATION SET	2	SPLINT
CAESARIAN SECTION SET	2	STERNU
CUT DOWN	2	TRACHE
PLASTER INSTRUMENTS SET	1	WOUND
DELIVERY INSTRUMENT SET	12	

2	DILATATION AND CURETTAGE, SET	10
BOARCY 8	CIRCUMCISION SET	2
6	GENERAL MAJOR SET, LABORATORY	2
2	GENERAL ORTHOPAEDIC INSTRUMENT SET	1
8	HYSTERECTOMY SET	1
2	INCISION AND DRAINAGE SET	10
2	INTRA UTERINE DEVICE INSERTION SET	1
2	LUMBER PUNCTURE SET	10
80	MINI - LAPAROTOMY SET	4
4	MINOR DISSECTION SET	4
2	OPHTHALMOLOGY SURGERY INSTRUMENTS SET	1
2 39AV 22 2	PELVIC EXAMINATION SET	4
38 AM 22 2	POST MORTEM SET	1
2	SPLINT SKIN GRAFT SET	2
2	STERNUM PUNCTURE	4
2	TRACHEOSTOMY	4
1	WOUND TOILET AND SUTURE SET	20

CHEST DRAIN KIT	4
LUMBER PUNCTURE SET	4
SURGICAL HOLLOW WARE	1

